## Identifying Safety and Health Problems in the Workplace

Identifying health and safety problems can be as easy as answering basic questions. To determine if there are health and safety problems that need to be addressed in your workplace, use these questions:

- Do you or your co-workers have injuries or health complaints? If so, what types?
- Who has been hurt or is having symptoms?
- When do you or your co-workers feel these symptoms?
- Where in the workplace are safety or health problems occurring?
- What are the conditions that are causing problems?

HEALTH HAZARDS			SAFETY HAZARDS	
Common types of health hazards in the workplace		Common types of safety hazards in the workplace are:		
are:		0	Slips, trips and falls	
	mical (asbestos, solvents, chlorine)	0	Being caught in or struck by moving machinery or other	
	ogical (tuberculosis, HIV, hepatitis, molds)		objects	
	sical (noise, heat and cold, radiation, vibration)	0	Fire and explosions	
	nomics or Repetitive Strain Injuries (carpal	0	Transportation and vehicle-related accidents	
	el syndrome, back injuries)	0	Confined spaces	
	chological (stress)	0	Violence	
How health hazards enter your body:		-	, Trips and Falls	
	athing (inhalation)	0	Bad housekeeping and poor drainage can make floors and	
	llowing (ingestion)		other walking surfaces wet and slippery.	
	(absorption)	0	Electrical wires along the floor pose a tripping hazard. You can fall if you are not provided with fall protection	
o Cuts	(injection)	0	equipment, guardrails, and safe ladders.	
The harm caused by health hazards depends on:		Caught In or Struck By Moving Machinery/Objects		
	ngth, or potency, of the agent.		inery can cause injuries in different ways:	
	ount of the agent that is present.	0	You can get parts of your body caught in or struck by	
	long you are exposed to the agent.		exposed moving parts if machines are not properly	
o Part	of your body that is exposed.		guarded, or not locked out when being repaired.	
		0	You can be struck by flying objects from machines without	
			protective guards.	
Types of health effects:			and Explosions	
	e: the effect shows up right away.	0	Improper labeling, handling or storage of certain materials	
	onic: problems show up after a long period of	-	can pose a risk of fire or explosion.	
	osure and/or long after the exposure ends.	0	Every workplace should have an evacuation plan for getting people out of a building in case of fire and an alarm or alert	
	II: only the part of the body that was exposed fected.		system to quickly inform employees of an emergency.	
	emic: an agent enters the body and affects	0	Every worker should be trained on what to do in case of an	
	r parts of the body.	0	emergency.	
Cancer		Tran	sportation and Vehicle-Related Accidents	
	cer is a term for many diseases in different	0	Operators of vehicles and equipment can be injured or	
	s of the body.	-	cause injury to pedestrians if equipment is unsafe or if	
	inogens are agents that cause cancer.		adequate training has not been provided.	
	re is no totally safe level of exposure to	0	You can be seriously injured or killed after being hit by a	
som	ething that causes cancer.		vehicle while repairing roads or doing other work in traffic	
	cer from a workplace exposure may develop		zones. This danger exists when traffic is not properly	
10,	20 or more years after the exposure.		routed and/or adequate barriers are not placed between	
Reproductive effects			the workers and the traffic.	
			ined Spaces	
	n men and women can be affected by oductive hazards at work.	0	A confined space is an area with small openings for a worker to enter and exit and is not designed for regular	
	roductive hazards cause miscarriages and birth		work. Examples of confined spaces include manholes,	
defe	-		sewer digestors and silos. There are many hazards in	
Gord			confined spaces.	
		0	Workers can become unconscious and die from a lack of	
		_	oxygen.	
		0	There may be too much oxygen, or other chemicals that	
			can catch fire or explode.	
		0	Poisonous gases and vapors, such as hydrogen sulfide or	
			carbon monoxide, may also build up in a confined space.	
		0	Confined spaces can also pose physical hazards. They can	
			be very hot or cold, very loud, or slippery and wet.	
Constitute -	1	0	Grain, sand or gravel can bury a worker.	
Sensitizat		Viole	Price Violence on the job is a growing problem.	
	may become allergic or sensitive to some nts you work with. Sensitization can develop	0 0	Homicides are the second leading cause of workplace	
	time.	0	fatalities. Workplace violence includes physical assault as	
	example, a health care worker may develop a		well as near misses, verbal abuse and sexual harassment.	
	ous allergic reaction to latex used in gloves.			